

# Application Form Philippine Army

[Includes 11 tables, 25 maps and 71 illustrations] The soldier reading these pages would do well to reflect on the wisdom of the statement exhibited in a Japanese shrine: "Woe unto him who has not tasted defeat."

Victory too often leads to overconfidence and erases the memory of mistakes. Defeat brings into sharp focus the causes that led to failure and provides a fruitful field of study for those soldiers and laymen who seek in the past lessons for the future. The statesman and the unformed citizen reading these pages will realize that our military means as well as our estimates and plans must always be in balance with our long-range national policy. This lesson-signposted by the Battle of Manila Bay; the Treaty of Paris, signed in December 1898 when we decided to keep the Philippines; the Washington Conference of 1921-22; and the Manchurian Crisis of 1931-we ignored before Pearl Harbor. The result was defeat on the field of battle and the loss of the Philippine Islands.

Philippines Constitution and Citizenship Laws Handbook  
- Strategic Information and Basic Laws

Privacy Act Issuances ... Compilation

Philippine-American Military History, 1902-1942

A Geo-military Study

Military Functions, National Military Establishment

Appropriation Bill for 1949

Hearing Before a Subcommittee of the Committee on  
Armed Services, United States Senate, Eighty-fifth

Congress, First Session : on H.R. 5807 ...  
Hearings ... on H.R. 4540 and 4761 ... H.R. 8077 and  
8104

Considers legislation to revise DOD  
authority to change status of or  
continue benefits to Federal employees  
missing during defense-related missions  
and to meet needs of their dependents;  
and to authorize pay for Philippine  
Scouts during period of capture by  
Japanese during WWII.

PREFACE. THE Author of this very  
practical treatise on Scotch Loch -  
Fishing desires clearly that it may be  
of use to all who had it. He does not  
pretend to have written anything new,  
but to have attempted to put what he  
has to say in as readable a form as  
possible. Everything in the way of the  
history and habits of fish has been  
studiously avoided, and technicalities  
have been used as sparingly as  
possible. The writing of this book has  
afforded him pleasure in his leisure  
moments, and that pleasure would be  
much increased if he knew that the  
perusal of it would create any bond of  
sympathy between himself and the  
angling community in general. This

section is interleaved with blank sheets for the readers notes. The Author need hardly say that any suggestions addressed to the case of the publishers, will meet with consideration in a future edition. We do not pretend to write or enlarge upon a new subject. Much has been said and written-and well said and written too on the art of fishing but loch-fishing has been rather looked upon as a second-rate performance, and to dispel this idea is one of the objects for which this present treatise has been written. Far be it from us to say anything against fishing, lawfully practised in any form but many pent up in our large towns will bear us out when we say that, on the whole, a days loch-fishing is the most convenient. One great matter is, that the loch-fisher is depend- ent on nothing but enough wind to curl the water, -and on a large loch it is very seldom that a dead calm prevails all day, -and can make his arrangements for a day, weeks beforehand whereas the stream- fisher is dependent for a good take on the state of the water and however pleasant

and easy it may be for one living near the banks of a good trout stream or river, it is quite another matter to arrange for a days river-fishing, if one is looking forward to a holiday at a date some weeks ahead. Providence may favour the expectant angler with a good day, and the water in order but experience has taught most of us that the good days are in the minority, and that, as is the case with our rapid running streams, -such as many of our northern streams are, -the water is either too large or too small, unless, as previously remarked, you live near at hand, and can catch it at its best. A common belief in regard to loch-fishing is, that the tyro and the experienced angler have nearly the same chance in fishing, -the one from the stern and the other from the bow of the same boat. Of all the absurd beliefs as to loch-fishing, this is one of the most absurd. Try it. Give the tyro either end of the boat he likes give him a cast of ally flies he may fancy, or even a cast similar to those which a crack may be using and if he catches one for every three the other has, he

may consider himself very lucky. Of course there are lochs where the fish are not abundant, and a beginner may come across as many as an older fisher but we speak of lochs where there are fish to be caught, and where each has a fair chance. Again, it is said that the boatman has as much to do with catching trout in a loch as the angler. Well, we dont deny that. In an untried loch it is necessary to have the guidance of a good boatman but the same argument holds good as to stream-fishing...

Diplomatic Papers

The U.S. Army and the Pacific,  
1902-1940

Philippine Army, Effective December 17,  
1938

The Revised Administrative Code  
Philippines Constitution and  
Citizenship Law Handboook - Strategic  
Information and Basic Laws

*The Congressional Record is the official record of the proceedings and debates of the United States Congress. It is published daily when Congress is in session. The Congressional Record began publication in 1873. Debates for sessions prior to 1873 are recorded in The Debates and Proceedings in the Congress of the United States (1789-1824), the Register of*

*Debates in Congress (1824-1837), and the Congressional Globe (1833-1873)*

*One of the highly exposed work groups to traumatic stress are the combatant soldiers. With the demands of their duties acquiring Posttraumatic Stress (PTS) is already considered as the leading mental problem among war veterans and active soldiers returning from the battle area. However, here in the Philippines, majority of instruments that measure the presence of PTS among soldiers are bombarded with questions on reliability, specificity, and sensitivity due to inappropriate use of samples and inapplicability of the generated items to Filipino war context. Thus, the main thrust of this study is to create a valid and reliable picture pre diagnostic tool that depicts traumatic events of Filipino combat soldiers. This test development project consists of 5 stages. Stage 1 is the item generation and appraisal of content domain which used review of literatures, pre-survey, focus group discussion and military routine observation to create 113 pictures as the test initial form. Stage 2 is the establishment of face and content validations. Face validity testing of military draftsmen resulted to 102 pictures with the highest kappa of .970 while the group of clinical psychologists retained 100 pictures with the highest kappa of .970. The content validation of the group of combat soldiers and military psychologists proved that 97 and 88 pictures respectively were accepted, highest earned kappa for content validation in .99 (1) and .98 (2). Stage 3 is the initial construct validation via internal structure and consistency among 106 combat soldiers in Zamboanga and Basilan. The output resulted to 88 pictures of preliminary form. Stage 4 is the final construct validation among 511 combat soldiers from Philippine Marines and Philippine Army. Stage 5 is the standardization process through creating global norms by*

*converting raw scores to T scores and percentiles.*

*The Professional Bulletin of Army History*

*Bulletin - Philippines Division*

*Hearing Before the Committee on Foreign Relations, United States Senate, Ninety-ninth Congress, Second Session, January 23, 1986*

*Encyclopedia of United States Army Insignia and Uniforms  
Guardians of Empire*

*Philippine History Module-based Learning I' 2002 Ed.*

In a comprehensive study of four decades of military policy, Brian McAllister Linn offers the first detailed history of the U.S. Army in Hawaii and the Philippines between 1902 and 1940. Most accounts focus on the months preceding the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. By examining the years prior to the outbreak of war, Linn provides a new perspective on the complex evolution of events in the Pacific. Exhaustively researched, *Guardians of Empire* traces the development of U.S. defense policy in the region, concentrating on strategy, tactics, internal security, relations with local communities, and military technology. Linn challenges earlier studies which argue that army officers either ignored or denigrated the Japanese threat and remained unprepared for war. He demonstrates instead that from 1907 onward military commanders in both Washington and the Pacific were vividly aware of the danger, that they developed a series of plans to avert it, and that they in fact identified--even if they could not

solve--many of the problems that would become tragically apparent on 7 December 1941.

This encyclopedia details the participation of individual ethnic and racial minority groups throughout U.S. military history. \* More than 300 entries on ethnic and racial minorities in the U.S. military \* Perspectives from more than 50 different contributors \* Cross-references and books for further reading appended to each entry \* Numerous photographs and illustrations bring the experience of ethnic and racial minorities in wartime to life

With Annotations

Proceedings and Debates of the ... Congress Hearing, Eighty-first Congress, Second Session, on H.R. 4540, 4689, and 4761. May 2, 1950  
Dept of the Army, Office of Secretary of Defense (supplemental)

One Year of the Philippine Republic

The Philippine Presidential Election

**Covering all Pacific islands involved in World War II military operations, this book is a detailed, single source of information on virtually every geo-military aspect of the Pacific Theater.**

**Arranged regionally and, to the extent possible, chronologically according to when islands entered the war, entries provide complete background information. Along with island names, nicknames, Allied code names, location, and wartime time zones, the entries include such**

topics as the island's physical characteristics, weather, health hazards, historical background, native population, natural resources, and military value. Japanese and Allied strategies and operations, military problems caused by terrain, military installations, Japanese units and key commanders, Allied units and key commanders, and brief battle descriptions are also covered along with the island's postwar status. A valuable resource for researchers, historians, military history enthusiasts, and war gamers, the book provides complete background information on the geo-military aspects of the Pacific Ocean region, its islands, and the roles they played in the war. 108 maps provide specific information. Until now, geo-military information could only be found by searching four to ten publications on each island.

The American and Filipino guerrillas that fought against the Japanese occupation of the Philippines were key in providing direction to resistance efforts and in the eventual liberation of the islands. The guerrillas escaped the aggressive counter-guerrilla efforts of the Imperial Japanese Army. The Japanese failure to deal with isolated soldiers and civilians provided the time they needed to organize into guerrilla groups and prepare for American forces liberation of the Philippines. This analysis of

**American and Filipino insurgents covers the effectiveness of Japanese counter guerrilla efforts, the intelligence structure created by General Douglas MacArthur's staff to support the guerrillas, the guerrilla's contributions to the liberation of the Philippines, and it examines how Americans would form guerrilla groups and fight as insurgents behind enemy lines if circumstances warranted. Additionally, it provides general insight as to how resistance movements form.**

**Development, Validation and Standardization  
Army History**

**A Manual for Courts-martial**

**Ethnic and Racial Minorities in the U.S. Military:  
A-L**

**Men Of Destiny: The American And Filipino  
Guerillas During The Japanese Occupation Of  
The Philippines**

**Oversight of INS Programs and Activities**

Philippines Labor Laws and Regulations Handbook -  
Strategic Information and Basic Laws

THE RESCUE: God's Amazing Grace is a true account of heroism and spiritual transformation. It is the life story of former Philippine Army Scout Ranger Captain Oliver Almonares when he was on the front lines of the Philippine's war on terror. The story gives justice to the valor and sacrifices of the members of the elite First Scout Ranger Regiment, Special Operations Command, Philippine Army especially to the troops of the 15th Scout Ranger (Warrior)

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Company where Captain Almonares served as the Commanding Officer. The Al-Qaeda linked Abu Sayyaf Group kidnapped American missionaries Martin and Gracia Burnham in 2001. Captain Almonares led his troops to rescue the missionaries on June 7, 2002 after 376 days of captivity. Martin was killed but Gracia was freed during the rescue operation. Years later, Gracia became an internationally sought-after speaker and author of two best-selling books *In The Presence of My Enemies* and *To Fly Again* as she tells God's grace and mercy through her life story. Amazingly, Oliver and Gracia became the closest of friends years later. This book presents God's amazing grace interwoven into their lives and how it would impact the lives of many others to form part of God's overall plan of redemption.

Hearings Before the Subcommittee on Immigration, Citizenship, and International Law of the Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Ninety-fifth Congress ...  
Semi-annual Report to the Congress for the Period Ending ...  
Burial and Education Benefits for Philippine Veterans  
Message from the President of the United States Transmitting the ... Annual Report of the United States High Commissioner to the Philippine Islands Covering the Calendar Year ...  
Amending Further and Making Permanent the Missing Persons Act

[Illustrated Edition]

*army branches - infantry, artillery, cavalry, and engineers - as well as the service and support branches comprising doctors and nurses, chaplains, musicians, quartermasters, military police, and the many others who have made up the U.S. Army. Insignia worn by all soldiers, such as eagles, devices with the letters US, and other letters and numbers, are also described and illustrated. Historians, military collectors, military reenactors, antique dealers and collectors,*

*Committee Serial No. 21. Focuses on case of the Philippine Scouts, who were captured and paroled by the Japanese during World War II.*

*Military Traumatic Events Vulnerability Scale (MTEVS)*

*Serial set (no.11001-12000)*

*Crisis in the Philippines*

*World War II Pacific Island Guide*

*Philippine Yearbook*

*Congressional Record*

A Manual for Courts-martial Philippine Army,  
Effective December 17, 1938 World War II Pacific  
Island Guide A Geo-military Study Greenwood  
Publishing Group

Military obligations rested lightly upon the Filipino people for much of the period that America occupied the Philippines, but Filipinos could enlist in the United States Army and Navy, attend the service academies at West Point and Annapolis, or join military organizations restricted to duty in the islands such as the Philippine Scouts, Philippine Constabulary, Philippine National Guard, and the navy's insular force. In the 1930s, the Philippine government established its own armed forces. Throughout much of this time, the U.S. army also kept a substantial portion of its troop strength in the Philippines. This annotated bibliography of nearly 700 titles highlights the extent and variety of the Philippine-American military experience from the conquest of the islands by the United States in 1902 to the defeat of Philippine and

American forces by the Japanese in 1942. The bibliography includes memoirs and biographies of Filipino and American officers and enlisted men (from MacArthur to Ferdinand Marcos), unit histories, army post and navy base histories, medals and insignia books, and the most extensive list of prisoner-of-war memoirs yet published. Annotations address controversies such as the widely disparate estimates of American deaths on the Bataan Death March and include previously unpublished information, such as casualty figures for American and Philippine forces in 1941-1942.

Report

An Annotated Bibliography

Hearings Before the United States House  
Committee on Armed Services, Subcommittee  
No. 1 (Armed Services), Eighty-Fifth Congress,  
First Session, on Mar. 6-8, 1957

Area Handbook for the Philippines

Foreign Relations of the United States

Report to the Congress